In the Claims:

(Currently Amended) A method of forming a microlens comprising the steps of:
 providing a wafer having a first planarization layer formed on the wafer, color filters
 formed over the first planarization layer, and a second planarization layer formed on the color
 filters in a first region, the wafer having an indentation formed therein in a second region;

forming a layer of a filler material over the second planarization layer in the first region and over the wafer in the second region, thereby substantially filling the indentation with [[a]] the filler material;

removing a portion of the filler material such that the filler material in the indentation remains;

forming a microlens material <u>over the second planarization layer</u>; removing a portion of the microlens material; substantially removing the filler material; and forming the microlens from the remaining microlens material.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the indentation is a bond pad area or a scribe line.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the filler material is a photoresist material.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the filler material is a positive photoresist material.

TSM03-0463 Page 2 of 9

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the microlens material is a photoresist material.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the microlens material is a positive photoresist material.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of removing a portion of the microlens material includes the steps of:

applying a mask on the microlens material to define the microlens;

exposing the microlens material with the mask; and

developing the microlens material, wherein the microlens material defined to be the
microlens remains.

- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the filler material is a photoresist material and the step of substantially removing the filler material includes the steps of:

 exposing the filler material; and

 developing the filler material to substantially remove the filler material.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a microlens comprising the steps of:

 providing a wafer having a first planarization layer formed on the wafer, color filters

 formed over the first planarization layer, and a second planarization layer formed over the color

 filters in a first region, the wafer having an indentation formed therein in a second region;

 substantially filling the indentation with a photoresist filler material, the filling being

 performed at least in part by applying a layer of photoresist material over the second

TSM03-0463 Page 3 of 9

planarization layer in the first region and in the indentation in the second region and by removing photoresist material not located in the indentation;

forming a microlens material over the second planarization layer; exposing the microlens material and the photoresist filler material; developing the microlens material and the photoresist filler material; and forming the microlens from the remaining microlens material.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the indentation is a bond pad area and scribe line.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the photoresist filler material is a positive photoresist material.
- Cancelled.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the microlens material is a photoresist material.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the microlens material is a positive photoresist material.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of exposing the microlens material and the photoresist filler material comprises exposing the microlens material to a first energy and exposing the photoresist filler material to a second energy, wherein the first energy is not equivalent to the second energy.

TSM03-0463 Page 4 of 9

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of exposing the microlens material and the photoresist filler material comprises exposing the microlens material to a first energy and exposing the photoresist filler material to a second energy, wherein the first energy is about 60 mj to 600 mj and the second energy is about 600 mj to 2000 mj.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of removing the microlens material includes the steps of:

applying a mask on the microlens material to define the microlens;

exposing the microlens material with the mask; and

developing the microlens material, wherein the microlens material defined to be the

microlens remains.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of developing the microlens material and the photoresist filler material is performed in a single developing stage.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a microlens comprising the steps of:

 providing a wafer having a first planarization layer formed on the wafer, color filters

 formed over the first planarization layer, and a second planarization layer formed on the color

 filters in a first region, the wafer having an indentation formed therein in a second region;

forming a filler layer over the second planarization layer in the first region and in the indentation in the second region, thereby substantially filling the indentation with a filler-material:

substantially removing the filler layer not located in the indentation; forming a microlens material over the second planarization layer;

TSM03-0463 Page 5 of 9

removing excess microlens material;

forming a mask on the wafer, the mask defining the indentation;

etching the wafer in a pattern aligned with the mask to remove the photoresist filler

material layer; and

forming the microlens.

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the indentation is a bond pad area or a scribe line.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the filler material is layer comprises a photoresist material.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein the filler material is layer comprises a positive photoresist material.
- 23. Cancelled.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the microlens material is a photoresist material.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the microlens material is a positive photoresist material.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the step of removing excess microlens material includes the steps of:

TSM03-0463 Page 6 of 9

applying a second mask on the microlens material defining the microlens;

exposing uncovered areas of the microlens material with the second mask; and
developing the microlens material to remove the microlens material not defined as the
microlens.

- 27. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the mask is formed from a photoresist.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the step of etching includes the step of removing the mask.